

# CSS Borders

The background features several overlapping, flowing ribbons of color. At the top, there are ribbons in shades of orange and yellow. Below these, a vibrant red ribbon curves across the middle. On the right side, there are ribbons in shades of green and cyan. At the bottom, a bright blue ribbon flows across the width. The overall effect is a dynamic, abstract composition with a strong sense of movement and depth.

# Borders

Every HTML element is a rectangular box. Giving your element a border will show this box.

# Border-Style

border-style is the type of border you can create

Examples/Options:

- solid
- dotted
- dashed
- inset
- outset
- groove

# Border-Color

border-color is the color of the border

Options:

- name
- rgb
- hexadecimal

# Border-Width

border-width is the thickness of the border

Use a pixel value such as 5px

# Border Shortcut

Instead of typing out each property and value, you can do it on one line of CSS

Example:

3 Lines

```
h2 {  
    border-style: solid;  
    border-color: blue;  
    border-width: 5px;  
}
```

1 Line

```
h2 {  
    border: 5px solid blue;  
}
```

# Border-Radius

border-radius can give rounded corners to the border

Use a pixel value or a percentage

## Example:

```
h1 {  
    border: 1px dashed black;  
    border-radius: 20px;  
}
```